

නව/පැරණි නිර්දේශය - புதிய/பழைய பாடத்திட்டம் - New/Old Syllabus

NEW/OLD

අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2020
கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2020
General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, 2020

උසස් ගණිතය I
உயர் கணிதம் I
Higher Mathematics I

11 E I

පැය තුනයි
மூன்று மணித்தியாலம்
Three hours

අමතර කියවීම් කාලය - මිනිත්තු 10 යි
மேலதிக வாசிப்பு நேரம் - 10 நிமிடங்கள்
Additional Reading Time - 10 minutes

Use additional reading time to go through the question paper, select the questions you will answer and decide which of them you will prioritise.

Instructions:

Index Number

- * This question paper consists of two parts;
Part A (Questions 1 - 10) and **Part B** (Questions 11 - 17).
- * **Part A:**
Answer **all** questions. Write your answers to each question in the space provided. You may use additional sheets if more space is needed.
- * **Part B:**
Answer **five** questions only. Write your answers on the sheets provided.
- * At the end of the time allotted, tie the answer scripts of the two parts together so that **Part A** is on top of **Part B** and hand them over to the supervisor.
- * You are permitted to remove **only Part B** of the question paper from the Examination Hall.

For Examiners' Use only

(11) Higher Mathematics I		
Part	Question No.	Marks
A	1	
	2	
	3	
	4	
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	6	
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	8	
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	10	
B	11	
	12	
	13	
	14	
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	16	
	17	
	Total	

Total

In Numbers

In Words

Code Numbers

Marking Examiner

Checked by:

Supervised by:

නව/පැරණි නිර්දේශය - ප්‍රதிய/පழைய පාලத்திட்டம் - New/Old Syllabus

NEW/OLD

ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
 இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம்
 Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka
 ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
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 Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka

අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2020
 கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2020
 General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, 2020

උසස් ගණිතය I
 உயர் கணிதம் I
 Higher Mathematics I

11 E I

Part B

* Answer five questions only.

11.(a) Let A , B and C be subsets of a universal set S . Stating clearly the Laws of Algebra of sets that you use, show that

(i) $A' \cup ((A \cup B) - B) = (A \cap B)'$,

(ii) $(A \cup B \cup C) - ((A - C) - B) = B \cup C$,

where $A - B$ is defined by $A \cap B'$.

(b) In a music class of 100 students, 85 students like to play violin, 20 like to play piano and 45 like to play guitar. Also, 10 like to play violin and piano, 15 like to play piano and guitar, and 30 like to play guitar and violin. Find the number of students who like to play

(i) all three instruments,

(ii) violin and guitar, but not piano,

(iii) violin or guitar,

assuming that every student like to play at least one of the three instruments.

12.(a) Let $a, b, c > 0$.

(i) Show that $\frac{a+b}{2} \geq \sqrt{ab}$ and deduce that $(a+b)(b+c)(c+a) \geq 8abc$.

(ii) Using $\frac{a+b+c}{3} \geq \sqrt[3]{abc}$, show that if $a+b+c=2$, then $(1-a)(1-b)(1-c) \leq \frac{1}{27}$.

(b) The transformation $\begin{pmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$ maps points in the xy -plane to the points in the $x'y'$ -plane. Find the equations of the two straight lines in the xy -plane through the point $(0, 1)$ which are mapped onto themselves.

Let $A \equiv (1, 1)$ and $B \equiv (1, 0)$ be two points in the xy -plane. Show that their images lie on the line $2x' - 3y' - 5 = 0$ in the $x'y'$ -plane.

13. State and prove **De Moivre's Theorem** for a positive integral index.

Using **De Moivre's Theorem**, show that

$$\frac{\cos 5\theta}{\cos \theta} = 16 \cos^4 \theta - 20 \cos^2 \theta + 5 \text{ for } \cos \theta \neq 0.$$

Using this result,

(i) evaluate $\int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \cos 5\theta \tan \theta \, d\theta$,

(ii) show that the roots of the quadratic equation $16x^2 - 20x + 5 = 0$ are $\cos^2 \frac{\pi}{10}$ and $\cos^2 \frac{3\pi}{4}$.

Deduce that $\sec^2 \frac{\pi}{10} + \sec^2 \frac{3\pi}{10} = \frac{1}{4}$.

14.(a) Let C_1 be the ellipse $x^2 + 6y^2 = 25$ and C_2 be the parabola $y^2 = 4x$. Sketch the graphs of C_1 and C_2 in the same diagram indicating the coordinates of their points of intersection.

Find the area of the region R in the **first quadrant** bounded by the curves C_1 and C_2 .

Also, find the volume of the solid generated by rotating the region R through 2π radians about the x -axis.

(b) A family of curves satisfies the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2x+4y-1}{x+2y-3}$.

Using the substitution $v = x + 2y$, show that the given differential equation gets transformed to $\frac{dv}{dx} = \frac{5(v-1)}{(v-3)}$.

Hence, find the equation satisfied by the given family of curves in terms of x and y .

Also, obtain the differential equation satisfied by the orthogonal trajectories of this family of curves.

15.(a) Let $I_n = \int \frac{dx}{(x^2 + a^2)^n}$, where $a > 0$.

Show that, $2(n-1)a^2 I_n = \frac{x}{(x^2 + a^2)^{n-1}} + (2n-3)I_{n-1}$ for $n \geq 2$.

Hence, find $\int_0^a \frac{dx}{(x^2 + a^2)^4}$.

(b) Let f be a function such that $(x^2 + 1)f''(x) + 2xf'(x) + f(x) = 0$.

Show that $(x^2 + 1)f'''(x) + 4xf''(x) + 3f'(x) = 0$.

It is given that $f(0) = 1$ and $f'(0) = 2$.

Find the Maclaurin series of $f(x)$ in ascending powers of x up to and including the term x^3 .

Using this, find an approximate value for $\int_0^{0.1} f(x)dx$.

16. Let S be the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$.

Show that the equation of the chord joining the points $P \equiv (a \cos \theta, b \sin \theta)$ and $Q \equiv (a \cos \phi, b \sin \phi)$

$$\text{is } \frac{x}{a} \cos\left(\frac{\theta + \phi}{2}\right) + \frac{y}{b} \sin\left(\frac{\theta + \phi}{2}\right) = \cos\left(\frac{\theta - \phi}{2}\right).$$

Write down the equation of the tangent drawn to S at P .

The tangents drawn to S at the points P and Q intersect at a point R .

$$\text{Show that } R \equiv \left(a \frac{\cos\left(\frac{\theta + \phi}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{\theta - \phi}{2}\right)}, b \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\theta + \phi}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{\theta - \phi}{2}\right)} \right).$$

Now, suppose that the points P and Q on S are such that $\phi = \theta - \frac{\pi}{3}$. Show that R lies on the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = \frac{4}{3}$.

Find the equations of the tangents drawn to the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = \frac{4}{3}$ which are parallel to the tangent to S at P .

17.(a) Let, $f(x) = \frac{\cos x}{\sqrt{5 + \sin x}}$ for $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

(i) Show that $-\frac{1}{2} \leq f(x) \leq \frac{1}{2}$ for $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

(ii) For $0 \leq x \leq \pi$, sketch the graph of $y = f(x)$.

(b) The following table gives values of the function $f(x) = \ln(3 + x^2)$ correct to four decimal places for values of x between 0 to 6 at intervals of length 1.

x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
$f(x)$	1.0986	1.3863	1.9459	2.4849	2.9444	3.3322	3.6636

Using **Simpson's Rule**, find an approximate value for $I = \int_0^6 \ln(3 + x^2) dx$.

Hence, find an approximate value for $\int_0^6 \ln(3e + ex^2) dx$.

නව/පැරණි නිර්දේශය - ප්‍රதிய/පழைய පාලத்திட்டம் - New/Old Syllabus

ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
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 Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka
 இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம்

NEW/OLD

අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2020
கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2020
General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, 2020

උසස් ගණිතය **II**
 உயர் கணிதம் **II**
Higher Mathematics II

11 E II

පැය තුනයි
 மூன்று மணித்தியாலம்
Three hours

අමතර කියවීමේ කාලය - මිනිත්තු 10 යි
 மேலதிக வாசிப்பு நேரம் - 10 நிமிடங்கள்
Additional Reading Time - 10 minutes

Use additional reading time to go through the question paper, select the questions you will answer and decide which of them you will prioritise.

Instructions:

Index Number

- * This question paper consists of two parts;
Part A (Questions 1 - 10) and **Part B** (Questions 11 - 17).
- * **Part A:**
 Answer **all** questions. Write your answers to each question in the space provided. You may use additional sheets if more space is needed.
- * **Part B:**
 Answer **five** questions only. Write your answers on the sheets provided.
- * At the end of the time allotted, tie the answer scripts of the two parts together so that **Part A** is on top of **Part B** and hand them over to the supervisor.
- * You are permitted to remove **only Part B** of the question paper from the Examination Hall.
- * Statistical Tables will be provided.
- * *g* denotes the acceleration due to gravity.

For Examiners' Use only

(11) Higher Mathematics II		
Part	Question No.	Marks
A	1	
	2	
	3	
	4	
	5	
	6	
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	8	
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	10	
B	11	
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	Total	

Total

In Numbers	<input type="text"/>
In Words	<input type="text"/>

Code Numbers

Marking Examiner	<input type="text"/>
Checked by:	1 <input type="text"/>
	2 <input type="text"/>
Supervised by:	<input type="text"/>

[**නව/පැරණි නිර්දේශය - புதிய/பழைய பாடத்திட்டம் - New/Old Syllabus**]**NEW/OLD**

අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2020
 கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2020
 General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, 2020

උසස් ගණිතය II
 உயர் கணிதம் II
 Higher Mathematics II

11 E II

Part B

* Answer five questions only.

11. Three forces F_1 , F_2 and F_3 act at the points with the position vectors r_1 , r_2 and r_3 respectively are given below:

Point of action	Force
$r_1 = i + k$	$F_1 = j - k$
$r_2 = i + j$	$F_2 = -i + k$
$r_3 = j + k$	$F_3 = i - j$

Show that this system of forces is equivalent to a couple and find its vector moment.

Now, the force F_3 is replaced by a force F_4 such that the system of forces consisting of F_1 , F_2 and F_4 is in equilibrium. Find F_4 and its line of action in the form $r = r_0 + \lambda F$, where r_0 and F are to be determined and λ is a parameter.

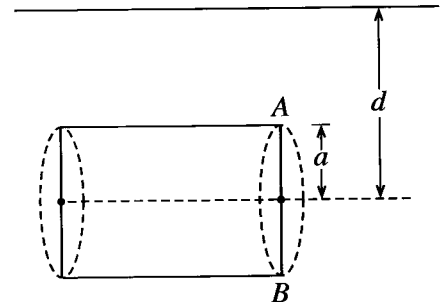
The system of forces consisting of F_1 , $2F_2$ and $3F_3$ acting at r_1 , r_2 and r_3 respectively, reduces to a single force R together with a couple of vector moment G , when reduced at the origin O . Find R and G .

Hence, show that this system of forces reduces to a single resultant force.

12. A circular lamina of radius a is immersed in a homogeneous liquid with its centre at a depth $h (> a)$ below the free surface of the liquid. Show that the centre of pressure of the lamina is on its vertical diameter at a distance $\frac{a^2}{4h}$ below the centre.

A right circular cylindrical tank of radius a with a circular lid of radius a , smoothly hinged at a point A on the circumference of the lid, is filled with a homogeneous liquid of density ρ and kept closed by a smooth lock at the point B diametrically opposite to A . This tank is immersed in a homogeneous liquid of density $\frac{\rho}{2}$ with AB vertical, A above B , and its axis horizontal and at a depth $d (> a)$ from the free surface of the liquid. (See the figure)

Now, the lock is released. Show that the lid remains closed if $d > \frac{9a}{4}$.



13. A particle P of mass m is projected vertically upwards with speed u from a point O . It is subject to a resistive force of magnitude mkv^2 , where v is the speed of the particle.

Show that $\frac{dv}{dt} + g + kv^2 = 0$ for the upward motion of P .

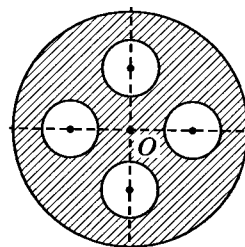
Show that the time taken by P to reach its greatest height H above O is $\frac{1}{\sqrt{gk}} \tan^{-1}\left(\sqrt{\frac{k}{g}} u\right)$ and that $H = \frac{1}{2k} \ln\left(1 + \frac{ku^2}{g}\right)$.

Also, find the velocity of P , in terms of u , k and g , when it returns to O .

14. Two smooth uniform spheres A and B of equal mass and equal radius, moving on a smooth horizontal floor, collide with each other. Just before the collision, the velocities of A and B are $u(3\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j})$ and $u(-\mathbf{i} + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{j})$, respectively and the line joining the centres of A and B is parallel to \mathbf{i} . The coefficient of restitution between A and B is $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$. Find the velocities of A and B just after the collision and show that they are perpendicular to each other.

Also, find the impulse on B from A and the loss of kinetic energy due to the collision.

15. A uniform wheel is in the shape of a disc of radius a , centre O with four identical small discs of radius $\frac{a}{4}$ removed from it. The centres of the four small discs lie on two perpendicular diameters of the wheel and all are at a distance $\frac{a}{2}$ from O as shown in the figure.



Show that the moment of inertia of the wheel about the axis through O perpendicular to its plane is $\frac{55}{96}Ma^2$, where M is the mass of the wheel.

The wheel is placed on a rough horizontal floor and given an impulse horizontally so that it starts sliding with speed u and no angular speed.

The wheel performs sliding and rolling for a period of time T and then, pure rolling begins.

Find T in terms of u , g and μ where μ is the coefficient of friction between the wheel and the floor.

16. A discrete random variable X has probability distribution given below:

x	0	1	2	3	4
$P(X=x)$	p	q	r	0.2	0.1

where p , q and r are constants.

It is given that $E(X) = 1.5$ and $E(X^2) = 4.1$.

Find each of the following:

(i) The values of p , q and r .

(ii) $P\left(\frac{1}{2} < X < \frac{7}{2}\right)$

(iii) $\text{Var}(X)$

(iv) $E(3 - 2X)$ and $\text{Var}(3 - 2X)$

Let X_1 and X_2 be two independent discrete random variables having the same probability distribution as that of X given above, and let $Y = X_1 + 2X_2$.

(v) Find $P(Y = k)$ for $k = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4$, and hence, find $P(Y \geq 5)$.

(vi) Write down the value of $E(Y)$.

17.(a) A continuous random variable X has probability density function $f(x)$ given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{15}{2}x^2(1-x^2) & , \text{ for } 0 \leq x \leq 1, \\ 0 & , \text{ otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Find $E(X)$ and $\text{Var}(X)$.

Also, find $P\left(\frac{1}{2} < X < 1\right)$.

Let Y be the random variable defined by $Y = 3X - 2$.

Find $E(Y)$ and $\text{Var}(Y)$.

(b) The heights of employees of a certain company are normally distributed with mean 160 cm and standard deviation 5 cm.

- (i) Find the probability that the height of a randomly selected employee is greater than 165 cm and less than 170 cm.
- (ii) Given that an employee selected at random has a height greater than 165 cm, find the probability that the employee has a height greater than 170 cm.
