

Provincial Department of Education - North Western Province Third Term Test 2020

Science I Grade 10 Time - one hour

7	Name .	/ Ind	lov	numb	M	
- 1	value.	/	IEX.		Deci.	-

- Answer all questions.

•	as c	each of the questions 1 to 4 correct or most approprianches a cross (x) on the num	te.					-
01.	The	e proteins which catalyze th	e chemical reacti	ons in	a cell or body	are	known	as,
	1)	High proteins	2)	Ami	ino acids			
	3)	Enzymes	4)	Anti	bodies			
02.	Wh	nat are the factors which affe	ect the pressure cr	eated	by a liquid co	lumı	1?	
	1)	Vertical height of the liqu	id column, Densit	ty of l	iquid and Grav	vitat	ional a	cceleration.
	2)	Liquid volume, Density o	fliquid and Grav	itatio	nal acceleratio	n.		
	3)	Density of liquid, Gravita	tional acceleration	n and	Weight of liqu	uid c	olumn	
	4)	Vertical height of the liqui	id column, Densi	ty of l	iquid and Up t	hrus	t.	
03.		e maximum number of electrodic table is,	etrons that may pr	resent	in M energy	leve	l of firs	st 20 elements in the
	1)	2 2) 8	3)	18	2	1)	32	
04.		and B diagrams show replic	as created by stud	lents t	o show two or	gane	elles of	a typical cell. These
	1)	olicas represent. Golgi body and mitochon	drio		• ~	0		
	2)	Chloroplast and endoplas				20		SS
	3)	Endoplasmic reticulum a		7				
	3) 4)	Mitochondria and chloro	-		, ald			B
	4)	Wittochondria and chioroj	Jiast			A		В
05.	The	e nature of motion of a fruit	which was release	ed fro	m its petiole is	5,		
	1)	Uniform velocity						
	2)	Uniform deceleration						
	3)	Uniform acceleration						
	4)	Acceleration which incre	ases gradually					

3)

Genital warts

Herpes

4)

06. What is the disease which is sexually transmitted by a bacterium?

2) Gonorrhea

AIDS

1)

	1)	Take place in diplo	id as well as l	haploid cell	ls			
	2) One mother cell produces two daughter cells							
	3)	Daughter cells are	identical to tl	he mother c	ell in	every aspect.		
	4)	Daughter cell recei	ive half numl	oer of chron	noso	mes as the mothe	er cell.	
08.	Wh	at is the relative mol	ecular mass	of CO(NH ₂), mo	olecule? (C= 12	H = 1, 0	O = 16, N = 14
	1)	33	2) 58	_	3)		4)	88
ΩΩ	Wha	nt is the acceleration	occupied by	an object w	rith 2	kamass when a	force of	f20 N is applied?
09.	1)	$0.1\mathrm{ms^{-2}}$	2) 10 m s ⁻¹	_		$20\mathrm{ms}^{-2}$	4)	$22 \mathrm{m s}^{-2}$
	1)	0.11113	2) 101113		3)	201113	4)	22 111 5
10.		o is the organisms w	_					
	Cel			·		System —	→ Org	ganism
	1)	Amoeba	2) Earth	worm	3)	Snail	4)	Human
11.	The	eliving forms which	are difficult	to recogniz	e as l	iving things and	nonlivir	ng objects are
	1)	Bacteria, virus and	yeast		2)	Virus, yeast and	d euglen	a
	3)	Yeast, amoeba and	sea anemone	e	4)	Amoeba, sea ar	nemone	and bacteria.
12.	The	e living group of the o	organism sho	own in the fo	ollow	ing picture is.		
	1)	Pisces	-8			81		
	2)	Amphibia			C			
	3)	Reptilia				minimor	- True	
	4)	Aves				PA 39 T	W.	
13.	Wh		which contai	ns element	s can	displace hydrog	gen from	diluted hydrochloric
	1) 1	Mg, Zn, Cu and K	2) Mg, Zn,	Hg and K	3)	Na, Zn, Au and	Fe 4)	Mg, Zn, Fe and Na
14.	Wh	en friction is created	l on a moving	g object by c	conta	ct surfaces,		
	1)	The static friction t	akes a consta	ant value				
	2)	The dynamic friction	on takes a co	nstant value	e			
	3)	The dynamic friction	onal force is	slightly gre	ater t	han the static fri	ctional f	orce
	4)	The frictional force	e takes a min	imum value	at th	e limiting situat	ion	
15.	The	reaction occur in wl	, .	,	num	rate of reaction?		
	1)	A strip of Mg react	with diluted	HCl acid.				
	2)	A strip of Mg react	with concen	trated HCl	acid.			
	3)	A strip of magnesiu	ım is convert	ted Into pied	ces ai	nd react with dilu	uted HCl	l.
	4)	A strip of magnesiu				-		
16.		e condition which oc osomal chromosome		e mutation	of a g	gene responsible	for mak	ing hemoglobin of an
	1)	Thalassimia			2)	Hemophilia		
	3)	Albinisms			4)	Red green colo	rblindne	ess

07. What is the correct statement regarding the meiosis?

- 17. Which is defined as sexual reproduction is
 - 1) Reproduction takes place among animals
 - 2) Reproduction takes place among plants
 - 3) Production of a new organism by fertilization of gametes
 - 4) Production of new off springs by spores
- 18. What is the correct statement regarding the frictional force?
 - 1) The frictional force of a road always acts as a barrier to the motion.
 - 2) When moving on a road with a constant velocity, the frictional force becomes zero
 - 3) When riding a bicycle, the frictional force by both wheels acts backwards
 - 4) When moving with a uniform velocity, the force given by the engine for motion is equal to the friction
- 19. When forming an ionic bond,
 - 1) Only the donation of electrons takes place
 - 2) Only the reception of electrons takes place
 - 3) Donation and reception of electrons should take place
 - 4) Sharing of electrons should takes place and polarization must happen
- 20. Followings are three inherited characteristics which are seen among humans
 - A. Dimpled cheek
 - B. Left handedness or right handedness
 - C. Syndactyly and polydactyly

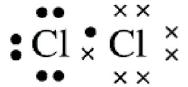
Rarely seen inherited characteristic out of them is / are,

- 1) A and B only 2) B and C only 3) A and C only
- 4) C only
- 21. Protium, which is an isotope of hydrogen is standardly represented as ${}^{1}_{1}H$. The number of neutrons of protium is,
 - 1) 0
- 2) 1
- 3) 2

- 4) 3
- 22. Consider the following statements regarding the equivalent resistance of a circuit.
 - A. The equivalent resistance increases when equal resistors are connected in series connection
 - B. The equivalent resistance decreases when equal resistors connected in parallel connection
 - C. The equivalent resistance decreases when un equal resistor are connected in series connection. The correct statements our of them are,
 - 1) A and B only
- 2) B and C only
- 3) A and C only
- 4) A, B and C only
- 23. As shown in the diagram, two men's apply forces on an object which is kept on the floor. What is the resultant force created on the object? (Assume that forces of two persons act on the same line of action.)
 - 1) 0 N
 - 2) 100 N
 - 3) 400 N
 - 4) 700 N



- 24. What is the correct statement regarding the number of atoms contained in $17 \,\mathrm{g}$ of NH_3
 - 1) There is a higher number of N atoms 2) The number of Hatoms is three times as the N atoms
 - 3)There is an equal number of Nand H atoms 4)The number of N atoms is three times as the Hatom
- 25. Ca atom removes two electrons and form an ion as Ca²⁺. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons of that ion respectively are?
 - 1) 20, 20 and 40
- 2) 20, 20 and 38
- 3) 20, 20 and 20
- 4) 20, 20 and 18
- 26. Following diagram shows how chlorine atoms share their electrons. It represents.
 - 1) The bond formation of chlorine by a diagram
 - 2) The dot cross diagram of chlorine molecule
 - 3) Lewis dot diagram of chlorine molecule
 - 4) Lewis structure of chlorine molecule



- 27. The diagram shows a Blast furnace. What is the decomposition reaction takes place in it out of the followings
 - 1) $C+O \longrightarrow CO_2$
 - 2) $CaCO_3 \longrightarrow CaO + CO_2$
 - 3) $Fe_2O_3 + 3CO \longrightarrow 2Fe + 3CO_2$
 - 4) $2KMnO_4 \longrightarrow K_2MnO_4 + MnO_2 + O_2$



- 28. Consider the following statements regarding the conditions that must be fulfilled in equilibrium of two forces.
 - A. Two forces must be equal in magnitude.
 - B. The line of action of two forces must be parallel.
 - C. Two forces must be opposite in direction

Correct statements out of them are

- 1) A and B.
- 2) B and C.
- 3) A and C.
- 4) A,B and Call
- 29. The diagram shows an apparatus used to produce CO₂ by reacting a mass of CaCO₃ as large pieces and small pieces in two occasions with diluted hydrochloric acids. What is the most suitable method to measure the rate of reaction of that instance?
 - 1) Compare the mass of CaCO₃ consumed in a unit time.
 - 2) Compare the mass of the volume of HCl acid consumed in a unit time
 - 3) Compare the volume of CO_2 gas collected in a unit time
 - 4) Compare the remaining CaCO₃ in a unit time
- 30. Five equal resistors of 6 are connected as shown in the diagram. What is the equivalent resistance between A and B?
 - 1) 6

2) 18

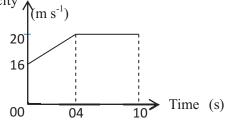


3) 14

4) 30

- Following shows the velocity-time graph of the motion of an object. Use this graph for the questions 31, 32 and 33.

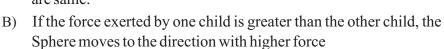
 Velocity (m s⁻¹)
- 31. What is the time spent by the object moving with a uniform velocity?
 - 1) 4 s
- 2) 6 s
- 3) 10 s
- 4) 14 s

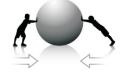


- 32. Consider the following statements regarding the motion of the object.
 - A. Object starts its motion from rest and moved with a uniform acceleration and uniform velocity.
 - B. The graphical representation includes the motion after acquiring 16 m s⁻¹ velocity
 - C. The object has arrived to the rest at the end of 10S.
 - D. The object has moved with 1 m s $^{-2}$ acceleration and a uniform velocity of 20 m s $^{-1}$

The correct statements out of them are,

- 1) A and C only
- 2) B and C only
- 3) A and D only
- 4) B and D only
- 33. What is the displacement of the object during the motion?
 - 1) 72 m
- 2) 120 m
- 3) 160 m
- 4) 192 m
- 34. As shown in the diagram, two students apply forces on a light weighted spher
 - A) The sphere remains at rest if the two forces applied by the students are same.

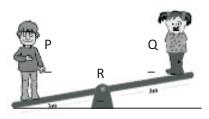




C) A turning effect may occur if the line of action of two forces are parallel

The correct statements out of them are.

- 1) A and B.
- 2) B and C.
- 3) A and C.
- 4) A, B and C.
- 35. As shown in the diagram two persons stay at equal distance on a see saw. There is no motion in see sow. Two statements are as follows
 - A) The mass of P person is greater than the person Q.
 - B) Clockwise rotation may happen when the person P moves Towards R direction.
 - C) If the see saw is balanced horizontally when two persons Sta as this, the person who close to the R is P person.



Correct statements out of them are,

- 1) A and B.
- 2) B and C.
- 3) A and C.
- 4) A, B and C.
- 36. Following are three characteristics used in classification of organisms
 - A. Can destroy by antibioties
 - B. Live in extreme environments
 - C. Eukaryotes

If the characteristics are mentioned to classify the organisms in to the domains Arehaea, Bacteria and Eukarya in order, the correct answer is,

- 1) A, B and C.
- 2) B, A and C.
- 3) A, C and B.
- 4) C, A and B.

37. A hydrogen filled balloon is moving up, Consider the following statements regarding	g this,
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- A) Up thrust created by air is greater than the weight of the balloon
- B) Resultant force is exerted in upward direction

Out of these statements,

- 1) A is correct and B is incorrect.
- 2) B is correct and A is incorrect
- 3) A and B statements are correct
- 4) A and B statements are incorrect

38. A person is pushing a wheel barrow to 10m distance on a horizontal road by applying a continuous force of 500N. What is the work done by the person?

- 1) 0 J
- 0.02 J
- 3) 50 J
- 4) 5000 J



39. Followings are some properties of water

- A. Most of the substances are soluble in water
- B. Ice floats on water
- C. More heat should be supplied to convert liquid water in to the gas.

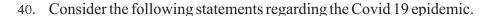
Out of them, the properties which help for the maintenance of life

1) A and B only

2) B and C only

3) A and C only

4) A, B and C only



- A. It is not important to wear a mask by a person who is travelling in a closed motor vehicle.
- B. Hands should be washed by students when departing the school.
- C. Masks should be worn when suffering from cold or staying close to a patient with cold.

Out of these statements, the actions that should be taken to protect from Covid 19 epidemic are

1) A and B only

2) B and C only

3) A and C only

4) A, B and Call



Provincial Department of Education - North Western Province Third Term Test 2020

Grade 10 Science II Time - three hours

Name / Index number:

Instructions:-

Write your answers in neat hand writings.

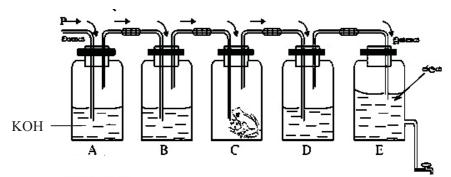
Answer the four questions in part A, in the space provided.

Answer only 03 questions out of five questions in part B. Use separate papers to write answers.

Attach part A and Part B answer script together and hand over.

Part A - Structured Essay

01. Respiration can be considered as a characteristic of life. The diagram shows an apparatus used to identify a gaseous product of respiration.



- i. What is the gasecous product expected to identify using the above apparatus?...... (01 m.)
- ii. Name the gaseous and the solid matter used by living beings to synthesize energy. (02 m.)

iii. When the tap connected to the vessel E is opened, the air enters from P end and travels through A, B, C and D vessels. The vessel A contains a KOH solution and the vessels B and D contain a solutions of lime water. State the purpose of putting those solutions in A, B and D vessels in the table given below.

Vessel	Liquid contain	Function
A	КОН	
В	Lime water	
D	Lime water	

iv. Mention the observation and the reason when bubbling air through the limewater in B and D vessels.

Vessel	Observation	Reason for the observation
В		
D		

V.	What would be the observation when the air is bubbled through the lime water in Vessels without putting a frog in vessel C as prepared in the above step?	A and D (02 m.)
vi.	What is the organelle which produce energy in the process of respiration?	
		(01 m.)
vii.	If the amount of moles of KOH dissolved in the vessel A is 0.1, what is the mass dissolved.	of KOH
	(K=39, O=16, H=1)	(02 m.)

02. A. The diagram shows a longitudinal section of a typical flower.

Lable the parts of the flower shown by the following letters.

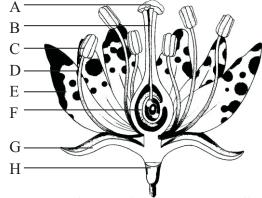
E.

F.



.....

.....



ii. Write using the letters o the path which the male nucleus of a pollen grain is travelled till the fertilization takes place.....(01 m.)

iii. Write an adaptation shown by E for pollination by insects. (01 m.)

iv. What is the use of the structure G? (01 m.)

v. If this flower shows the adaptations for cross pollination, state a such adaptation (03 m.)

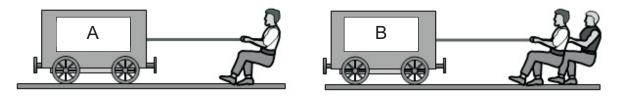
	the ex	istence of	the plant.								
	i.	Write an a	daptation sho	wn by plants	mango, Hora	and rubber	for dispersal	of seeds.			
		a. Ma	ango					(03 m.)			
		b. Ho	ra								
	ii.		requirements					(02 m.)			
	iii.		y or seeds no		tion			(01 m.)			
	_		vs the information to answ			ne symbols g	iven are not	real 15			
	Ele	ment	P	Q	R	S	Т	U			
Α	tomic	number	3	5	6	8	9	11			
i.			two eleme		-		_				
ii.	Name the period and the group in which the element U belongs										
iii.	(01 m.										
iv.		f the eleme	ents given in tl Meta	ne table, name			non metal.	· · · · ·			
V.	atom	is mass un	ass of the elen	g What is t	he relative at	omic mass o	f the element	U? (02 m.)			
vi.			omic mass of								
	a.		e molar mass					` ′			
	b.		e mass of two								
	c.	What is th	e number of a	toms in three	moles?	•••••		(01 m.)			

B. Fruits are formed after fertilization of ovules. Dispersal of those fruits and seeds important for

	a.	Nu	mber of electrons:		
	b.	Ele	ectronic configuration:		
	c.	Inc	order to show the nature of bond create	ed by sharing electrons.	
			Dot cross diagram	Lewis structure	
					15
04. A.	The	diag	ram shows how a metallic sphere is	hanged in a newton balance and	that sphere is
	subi	merge	ed in a graduated vessel caontining wa	ater. (Density of water = 1000 kgm	$n^{-3}/1 \text{ g cm}^{-3}$
	i.	Ifth	he reading was raised from 100cm ³ wh	nen the metallic sphere is submerg	ged in water.
		a.	Express the mass of raised volume of	ি এনা	2
				(01 m.)	
		b.	What is the weight of this volume of	—	\$ \$
				(02 m.)	
		c.	What is the up thrust created by the	metallic sphere •	
			by water?	(02 m.)	-ly
	ii.	If t	he volume of water in the vessel is	,	of coconut of
			conut oil and the metal sphere is su	1 0	
		mea	asurement get decrease, increase of	r no change relative to the pre	
					(03 m.)
		a.	The raised volume of coconut oil:		••••••
		b.	The reading of newton balance:		
		c.	The upthrust created by coconut oil	:	
	iii.	Fol	llowing shows readings of the newton	balance of the above three instance	ces.
			4 N 4.1 N	5 N	
		Ou	t of this, what can be the weight of the	metallic sphere?	(01 m.)

vii. Provide following information regarding the element S

04. B. The diagrams A and B show two situations where a force is applied on an object.



- A- Exerts a 500 N force. No movement
- B- Exerts a 600 N force. Movement just begins.
- i. Out of the static, limiting and dynamic friction, how is the frictional forces created in these two situations can be defined. (02 m.)

A	
---	--

- В
- ii. Is that the force exerted in the above two situations. less than, greater than or equals to the frictional force acted oppose to them? (02 m.)

n :						
١	n s	n »	n :	n 8	n 8	on 8

- B situation 8....
- iii. If the force exerted by a person in B situation is 500N what is the force exerted by the other person? (01 m.)

iv. Show with an arrow in the diagram A how the frictional force is created when the person exerts a force in A instance. (01 m.)



Grade 10

Part - B

05. A. Carbohydrates, proteins, lipids and nucleic acids can be stated as organic compounds which make up the living matter. Following table shows some information regarding these organic compounds.

Compound	Constituent elements	Building unit	
Carbohydrate Carbon, Hydrogen,		A	Glucose
Protein Carbon, Hydrogen, Oxygen		В	Q
Lipids	A, C, D	-	R
Nucleic acids	Carbon, Hydrogen, Oxygen	B, E	S

i. Name the elements A,B,C,D and E correctly

 $(03 \, \text{m.})$

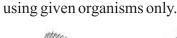
Science - Paper - II

ii. What are building units stated as Q,R and S

 $(03 \, \text{m.})$

- iii. Name the reagents used to identify the following compounds and state the observations in the presence of the above compounds. (06 m.)
 - a. Starch
 - b. Protein
 - c. Lipid

B. Pay your attentions to the living creatures given in the following picturers. Write answers







Thilapia Scorpion Hydra Earth worm

- i. Classify the above organisms as vertebrates and invertebrates. (02 m.)
- ii. Who is the diploblastic organism? (01 m.)
- iii. Write separately the living groups of the above four organisms. (01 m.)
- iv. Write a feature which is present only in the group in which the scorpion belongs, but not in the other three organisms. (01 m.)

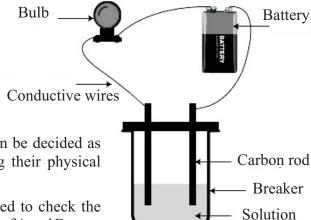
(Total marks 20)

06. A. Consider the following 20 elements. Answer the following questions using these elements.

He, B, H, Na, Mg, C, Li, N, Ca, S, Ar, K, Si, P, Be, O, Al, F, Ne, Cl,

- i. Arrange the above 20 elements according to the atomic number from 1 to 20. (02 m.)
- ii. Write all the elements which have the valency 2 (02 m.)
- iii. What is the formula of compounds formed by Mg with Cl and O. (02 m.)
- iv. What is the element with highest electronegativity (01 m.)
- v. Select and write the element having highest first ionization energy (01 m.)
- vi. Write two elements which naturally exist as di atomic molecules (02 m.)

B. A group of students planned an activity to identify the nature of bonds in ionic and covalent compounds. There were compounds namely A, B, C and D used in the experiment. The compounds A and B were in solid state and C and D were in liquid state.

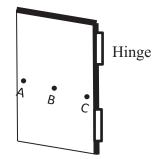


- i. Name the two compounds which can be decided as covalent compounds by considering their physical state? (02 m.)
- ii. Following type of apparatus was used to check the conductivity of the aqueous solutions of A and B.

The bulb in the external circuit was lighted up when A is used as the aqueous solution.

The bulb in the external circuit didn't get lighted Up when B is used as the aqueous solution.

- a. Out of the A and B compounds name the Compound with ionic bond and covalent bond respectively (02 m.)
- b. If a fused liquid is used instead of the aqueous solution of A What would be the observation regarding the glowing of The bulb? (01m.)
- c. State repectively whether the solid state of compounds A and B conduct electricity or not. (02 m.)
- d. State the observation regarding the glowing of the bulb when C and D compounds are used as the aqueous solutions. (02 m.)
- e. Write a reason of using carbon electrodes for the experiment. (01 m.)
- 07. A. A turning effect can be made by applying a force on an object. The force applied for this depends on the distance from the axis of roation to the line of the action of force.
 - i. Following diagram shows three places where force is applied to turn a door. What is the point to which a higher force should be applied to turn the door? (01 m.)



- ii. The distance from the rotational axis of two hinges to the Point A is 90 cm. If the minimum force to turn the door. From the point is 5N, Calculate the moment of the force. When turning the door. (03 m.)
- iii. If the distance from axis of rotation to the point B is 45m. Calculate the minimum force should be applied to turn the door from the point B. (02 m.)
- iv. What is suitable place fix a handle to open and to close the door out of A, B, C points. (02 m.)
- v. State whether a couple of force creates or not in the following situations where a moment of force is created. (03 m.)
 - a. Turning the padel of a bicycle.
 - b. Turning the handle of a bicycle with both hands.
 - c. Turning the steering wheel of a vehicle with a single hand.

B. If an object remains at rest when the forces are applied, the external forces exerted on the object are said to be at an equilibrium. Following diagram shows such an instance.



- i. Write three requirements to be fulfilled to remain the rope at rest. although the people are applying forces. (03 m.)
- ii. If the resultant force exerted by the people in Side A is 1500 N and all the people in side B exert equal forces.
 - a. What is the resultant force exerted by people in the side B? (02 m.)
 - b. What is the force exerted by a person in the side B? (01 m.)
- iii. The diagram shows how a child is rest on a swing.
 - a. What is the resultant force created on the swing?
 - $(01 \,\mathrm{m.})$



b. What is the mass of the child $(g=10 \text{ms}^{-2})$

- 08. A. In the process of human reproduction, the fertilization of male gametes with female gametes take place in the female reproductive system.
 - i. Write the names of male gametes and female gametes respectively. (02 m.)
 - ii. Name the place where fertilization of male gamete with a female gamete takes place?

 $(01 \, \text{m.})$

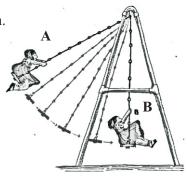
 $(02 \, \text{m.})$

- iii. Simply explain the words fertilization and implantation.
- iv. If the number of chromosomes in male gametes is 23, state the number of chromosomes in female gamete and zygote respectively. (02 m.)
- v. Simply explain how meiosis is important for the process of human reproduction. (02 m.)
- vi. Name a hormone which helps to regulate the menstrual cycle of females. (01 m.)
- B. A and B of the diagram show two positions passed by a child with 40kg mass when swinging $(g=10 \text{ ms}^{-2})$

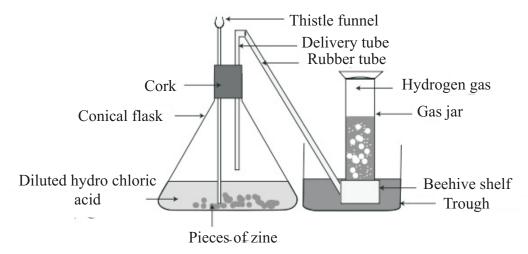
The vertical height to the position A from the ground is 2m

The vertical height to the position B from the ground is 1m.

- i. What is the potential energy of the child at the position of A? (03m.)
- ii. What is the potential energy of the child at the position B? (01m.)
- iii. What are the positions having highest and lowest kinetic energy out of A and B positions? (02m.)



- C. A ripen fruit with the mass of 250g falls on to the ground from a tree of 5m height
 - i. What is the kinetic energy of the fruit at the moment of touching the ground? (02m.)
 - ii. What is the velocity occupied by the fruit at the moment of touching the ground? (02m.) (20 marks)
- 09. A. The diagrams an apparatus used to collect the hydrogen gas in the laboratory.



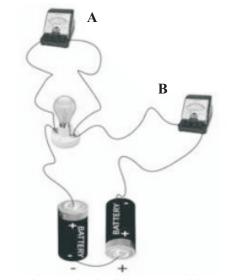
- i. State the reactants and products relevant to the production of hydrogen gas. (02m.)
- ii. Write the balanced chemical equation for the reaction takes place (02m.)
- iii. What is the reaction type of the above reaction based on the reactants and products?

(01m.)

- iv. Write two observations when the reaction takes place (02m.)
- v. Write two properties of hydrogen gas (02m.)
- vi. Explain in brief how the produced gas is identified as hydrogen. (01m.)
- B. The diagrams shows how 2 dry cells, a bulb, ammeter and a voltmeter is connected by wires.
 - i. Name the instruments A and B connected to the circuit. (02m.)
 - ii. Based on which fact you identified the instruments A and B of the circuit? (02m.)
 - iii. What is the method of connecting dry cells in the circuit? (01m.)
 - iv. It was stated that the reading of the ammeter as 0.2 A and the reading of the Volt meter as 2V. Calculate the resistance of the bulb filament.

(03m.)

v. What is the relationship between the current flowing through the circuit and the potential difference?



vi. If another identical bulb is connected in parallel connection to the bulb connected in the above circuit. state the observations in the brightness of the bulbs.

(20 marks)



Provincial Department of Education-North Western Province

Third Term Test- 2020 Science I

Grade 10 Time : one hour

31440 10					I IIII O II OII II OII		
Question	Answer	Question	Answer	Question	Answer	Question	Answer
no		no		no		no	
1	3	11	1	21	1	31	2
2	1	12	3	22	1	32	4
3	2	13	4	23	4	33	4
4	1	14	2	24	2	34	4
5	3	15	1	25	4	35	1
6	2	16	1	26	2	36	2
7	4	17	3	27	2	37	3
8	3	18	4	28	3	38	4
9	2	19	3	29	3	39	4
10	1	20	4	30	3	40	2

Science-II

Part A – Structured Essay

01				
A	i	Carbon dioxide gas/ CO ₂		01
	ii	Oxygen(01), Glucose(01) (Must b	e in a correct order)	02
	iii	Vessel A – Removes carbon diox		
		Vessel B - Confirm that carbon dioxide gas is absent in air that enters. (01)		
			ne carbon dioxide gas release during the	03
		respiration of frog (01)		
	iv		ter will not turn into milky.(01) - Carbon dioxide	
		gas is absent in the air that en		04
		D - Lime water will turn in to mi that bubbles.	lky (01) Carbon dioxide gas is present in the air	
	•		voton will not turn in to millow No colour shound	
	V	is seen.(01)	vater will not turn in to milky/ No colour change	02
	vi	mitochondria		01
	Vii	To find the relative molecular ma	ass 56 of KOH (01)	01
	V11	Since 1 mol = 56 g 0.1 mol =	` '	02
	<u> </u>	Since I mor = 30 g = 0.1 mor =	3.0 § (01)	15
02				10
A	i	A- Stigma	monto ana acumant. 02 maniles	
		D- Style	parts are correct- 03 marks	
		C Tilling	5 parts are correct -02 marks	03
			3 parts are correct -01 marks	03
			marks if only one part is marked	
		F- Ovary		0.1
	ii 	C		01
	iii	A, B, F (If all three letters are		01
	iV	Being colorful/ Being large/	Having a fragrance	01

	v vi	To protect the parts of tender flower Self sterility or Dichogamy	01 02
В	i	a. Having edible /Fleshy parts. (01)	02
Ь	1	b. Having wing/feather like structures (01)	
		c. Cracks when drying/ Explosion (01)	03
		c. Cracks when drying/ Explosion (01)	
	ii	Viability, Oxygen (air), Water and optimum temperature (One mark per answer	02
	•••	if two factors are correct)	
	iii	Embryo not being matured ./Impermeability of testa for oxygen and water	01
3.	i	D and II (Only if two latters are compact.)	15 01
٥.	ii	P and U (Only if two letters are correct) 3 and 01 (Only if two answers are correct)	01
	iii	UT	01
	iv	Metal- L, U (01)	01
	1 V		02
		Metalloid - Q (01)	03
		Non metal - R, S, F (01)	
	V	R.A.M = Mass of the atom Atomic mass unit = $\frac{3.818 \times 10^{-23}}{1.66 \times 10^{-24}}$ (01)	
			02
		= 23 (01)	
	vi	a. 16 g mol ⁻¹ (01)	
		b. 32 g (01)	03
		c. 3 x 6.022 x 10 ²³ (01)	
	V	a. 8 (01)	
		b. 2,6 (01)	04
		c. For correct dot-cross diagram using the letter S (01) For correct Lewis	04
		structure (01) No marks when the diagram is drawn using the letter O.	
)4			15
A	i	a. 100 g (01) 0.1 kg (01)	02
-		b. 1 (01) N (01)	02
		c. 1N	01
	ii	a. No change. (01)	
		b. Increase (01)	03
		c. Decrease(01)	
	iii.	5 N	01
В	i	A- Static (01)	02
		B- Limiting(01)	02
	ii	A – Equals.	02
		B – Equals. (01)	
	iii	100 N	01
	iv		
		GWR S GWR S S	
			01
		When the arrows are indicated oppose to the moving direction of one wheel or	
		both wheels 01	
			15
		T-(-11C(A - CO	10
		Total marks for part A - 60.	

		Part B		
05				
A	i	A – Oxygen/ O B – Nitrogen / N For C and D - Carbon / C or Hydrogen /H E – Phosphorous	If six elements are correct m-03 If 04/05 elements are correct m-02 If 02/03 elemnets are correct -01	03
	ii	Q – Amino acid (01) R - Fatty acid and glycerol (01) S – Nucleotide (01)		03
	iii	 a. Iodine solution (No marks for only the into blue/purple.(01) b. When Sodium hydroxide / NaOH an added Mixture turn in to dark violet c. c. Sudan III (01) - Red coloured globule 	d copper sulphate/ CuSO ₄ (01) are olour(01) s can be seen.(01)	06
В	i	Vertebrates- only if the thilapia is wri Invertebrates-Only if the three organis written (01)		02
	ii	Hydra		01
	iii	thilapia- Pisces(01) scorpian - Arthropoda (01) Hydra- Coelenterata / Cnidaria(01) Earth worm -Annelida (01)		04
	iv	Body is segmented/ Presence of jointed epidermis on the body	appendages/ Presence of chitinous	01
		-		20
06				
A	i	H, He, Li, Be, B, C, N, O, F, Ne, Na, Mg, Al, order of first 10 elements (01) marks] [Correct (When writing Cl and Ca the capital and simple)	t order of second 10 elements	02
	ii	Be, O, Mg, S, Ca (When 05 elements are correct 01 mark, No marks when 02 or 01 elements are correct 01 mark, No marks when 02 or 01 elements are correct 01 mark, No marks when 02 or 01 elements are correct 01 mark, No marks when 02 or 01 elements are correct 01 mark, No marks when 02 or 01 elements are correct 01 mark, No marks when 02 or 01 elements are correct 01 mark, No marks when 02 or 01 elements are correct 01 mark, No marks when 02 or 01 elements are correct 01 mark, No marks when 02 or 01 elements are correct 01 mark, No marks when 02 or 01 elements are correct 01 mark, No marks when 02 or 01 elements are correct 01 mark, No marks when 02 or 01 elements are correct 01 marks when 02 or 01 elements 01		02
	iii	MgCl ₂ (01) , MgO (01) Cl and O When writ letters should be correct	ing Mg and Cl capital and simple	02
	iv	F		01
	v	He		01
	vi	H/ N/ O/ F/ Cl One mark per element. No mark)molecules	ks if written as (H ₂ /N ₂ /O ₂ /F ₂ /Cl ₂	02
В	i ii	C and D one mark per answer		02
	11	 a. Ionic - A (01) Covalent - B (01) b. Bulb glows (01) c. A - Electricity doesn't conduct. (01) B - Electricity conducts (01) d. C - Electricity doesn't conduct. (01) D - Electricity doesn't conduct. (01) e. Conduction of electricity/Being an inequeous solutions (01) 	ert electrode/ Not reacting with	08
				20
07				
A	i	A		01
	ii	Moment of force = Magnitude of force x Perraction $= 0.9 \times 5 (01)$ $= 4.5 \text{ N m } (01) \text{ No marks if the u}$	tion of force (01)	03

b. 300 N (01) If unit is absent, no marks iii a. 0 N (01) Unit is not essential b. Weight = Mass x Gravitational acceleration / $W = mg$ or $600 = m \times 10 (01)$ $m = 60 \log (01)$ 20 A i Sperms (01) Ova (01) iii In fallopian tube (Upper part) iii Fertilization- Fusion of the nuclear materials of sperm and ova (01) Implantation - Morula disintegrates the tissue of uterine wall, sinks and deposits in the wall (01) iv. Female gamete − 23 (01) zygote 46 (01) v An idea such as number of chromosomes becomes half when forming gametes vi Oestrogen/ Progesterone/ FSH /LH B i $E_p = mgh$ (01) $= 40 \times 10 \times 2 (01)$ $= 800 \text{ J (01)} \text{ No mark if the unit is absent}$ iii $E_p = mgh$ $= 40 \times 10 \times 1 = 400 \text{ J (01)} \text{ No marks if the unit is absent}$ iii $E_p = mgh$ $= 40 \times 10 \times 1 = 400 \text{ J (01)} \text{ No marks if the unit is absent}$ iii $E_k = l/2 mv^2 (01)$ $12.5 = 1/2 \times 0.25 \times v^2$ $25 = 0.25 v^2$ $100 = v^2$ $v = 10 \text{ m s}^{-1} \text{ (01)} \text{ No marks if the unit is absent}$ 20 A i Reactants : Zn and HCl (01) $Products : Zn \text{ Cl}_2 \text{ and H}_2(01)$ iii $Zn + 2HCl \implies Zn \text{ Cl}_2 + H_2$ iii Single displacement reactions.		iii	Moment of force = Magnitude of force x Perpendicular distance to the line of	
10			action of foce	02
iv			$4.5 = Force \times 0.45 (01)$	02
v a. Not created (01) b. Created. (01) c. Not created (01) The forces are being collinear (01) A and B forces are Opposite to each other (01) A and B forces are Opposite to ea			= 10 N (01)	
a. Not created (01) b. Created. (01) c. Not created. (01) c. Not created. (01) c. Not created. (01) c. Not created. (01) A and B resultant forces that applied in both side becomes equal (01) The forces are being collinear (01) A and B forces are Opposite to each other (01) a. 1500 N (02) If unit is absent 0 Imark b. 300 N (01) If unit is absent 1 omarks iii a. 1500 N (02) If unit is absent 1 omarks iii a. 0 N (01) Unit is not essential b. Weight = Mass x Gravitational acceleration / $W = m g$ or 600 = m x 10 (01) m = 60 kg (01) 08 A i Sperms (01) Ova (01) iii In fallopian tube (Upper part) iii Fertilization. Fusion of the nuclear materials of sperm and ova (01) Implantation — Morula disintegrates the tissue of uterine wall, sinks and deposits in the wall (01) iv. Female gamete − 23 (01) zygote 46 (01) vi. Female gamete − 23 (01) zygote 46 (01) vi. Female gamete − 23 (01) zygote 46 (01) a ii $E_p = mgh$ (01) = 40 x 10 x 2 (01) = 40 x 10 x 2 (01) = 800 J (01) No mark if the unit is absent iii $E_p = mgh$ (01) = 40 x 10 x 2 (01) = 800 J (01) No mark if the unit is absent iii $A = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2$			A (01) Degreesing the force that should apply (01)	02
b. Created. (01) c. Not created (01) B i A and B resultant forces that applied in both side becomes equal (01) The forces are being collinear (01) A and B forces are Opposite to each other (01) ii a. 1500 N (02) If unit is absent 0 Imark b. 300 N (01) If unit is absent 0 Imark b. 300 N (01) If unit is absent, no marks iii a. 10 N (01) Unit is not essential b. Weight = Mass x Gravitational acceleration / $W = mg$ or $600 = m \times 10$ (01) $m = 60 \log (01)$ 20 A i Sperms (01) Ova (01) ii In fallopian tube (Upper part) iii Fertilization = Fusion of the nuclear materials of sperm and ova (01) Implantation = Morula disintegrates the tissue of uterine wall, sinks and deposits in the wall (01) iv. Fernale gamete = 23 (01) zygote 46 (01) v An idea such as number of chromosomes becomes half when forming gametes vi Oestrogen/ Progesterone/ FSH /LH B i $E_p = mgh$ (01) $= 40 \times 10 \times 2$ (01) $= 800 \text{ J}$ (01) No mark if the unit is absent iii $E_p = mgh$ (01) $= 40 \times 10 \times 1 = 400 \text{ J}$ (01) No marks if the unit is absent iii Maximum = B (01) . Minimum = A (01) $mgh = 0.250 \times 10 \times 5 = 12.5 \text{ J}$ (01) No marks if the unit is absent iii $E_k = I/2 mn^2 (01)$ $12.5 = 1/2 \times 0.25 \times v^2$ $25 = 0$				02
c. Not created (01) A and B resultant forces that applied in both side becomes equal (01) The forces are being collinear (01) A and B forces are Opposite to each other (01) ii a. 1500 N (02) If unit is absent 0 Imark b. 300 N (01) If unit is absent 0 Imark b. 300 N (01) If unit is absent of unark b. 300 N (01) If unit is absent of unark b. 300 N (01) If unit is absent of unark b. 300 N (01) If unit is absent of unark b. 300 N (01) Im unit is absent of unark b. 300 N (01) Im unit is absent of unark c600 = m x 10 (01) m = 60 kg (01) 20 8 A i Sperms (01) Ova (01) iii In fallopian tube (Upper part) 01 iii Fertilization - Fusion of the nuclear materials of sperm and ova (01) Implantation - Morula disintegrates the tissue of uterine wall, sinks and deposits in the wall (01) iv. Female gamete − 23 (01) zygote 46 (01) v An idea such as number of chromosomes becomes half when forming gametes vi Oestrogen/ Progesterone/ FSH/LH 01 B i $E_p = mgh$ (01) $= 40 \times 10 \times 2 \times 101$ $= 800 J (01) No mark if the unit is absent iii E_p = mgh = 40 \times 10 \times 1 = 400 J (01) No marks if the unit is absent iii Maximum - B (01), Minimum - A (01) C i Potential energy when located on tree - Kinetic energy at the moment of touching the ground(01) mgh = 0.250 \times 10 \times 5 = 12.5 J (01) No marks if the unit is absent iii E_k = 1/2 mv^2 (01) 12.5 = 1/2 \times 0.25 \times v^2 25 = 0.25 v^2 100 = v^2 v = 10 \text{ m s}^{-1} (01) No marks if the unit is absent 20 99 A i Reactants : Zn and HCI (01) Products : Zn Cl2 and H2(01) Zn + 2HCI \longrightarrow Zn Cl2 + H2 iii Single displacement reactions. iv Emission of gas bubbles/ Pieces of zinc dissolves/ Decreasing the water level in the gas jar, 01 mark per such an answer. 902 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 97 98 98 99 90 90 90 90 90 91 91 91 91$		V	· /	02
B i A and B resultant forces that applied in both side becomes equal (01) The forces are being collinear (01) A and B forces are Opposite to each other (01) ii a. 1500 N (02) If unit is absent 01mark b. 300 N (01) If unit is absent 101mark b. 300 N (01) If unit is absent 101mark b. 300 N (01) If unit is absent 101mark b. 300 N (01) If unit is not essential b. Weight = Mass x Gravitational acceleration / W = m g or 600 = m x 10 (01) m = 60 kg (01) 20 8 A i Sperms (01) Ova (01) iii In fallopian tube (Upper part) iii Fertilization = Fusion of the nuclear materials of sperm and ova (01) Implantation = Morula disintegrates the tissue of uterine wall, sinks and deposits in the wall (01) v An idea such as number of chromosomes becomes half when forming gametes vi Oestrogen/ Progesterone/ FSH/LH B i $E_p = mgh$ (01) = 40 x10 x2 (01) = 800 J (01) No mark if the unit is absent ii $E_p = mgh$ (01) = 40 x10 x1 = 400 J (01) No marks if the unit is absent iii Maximum - B (01) , Minimum - A (01) C i Potential energy when located on tree = Kinetic energy at the moment of touching the ground(01) mgh = 0.250 x 10 x 5 = 12.5 J (01) No marks if the unit is absent iii $E_k = I/2 mv^2 (01)$ 12.5 = 1/2 x 0.25 x v^2 25 = 0.250 v^2 25 = 0.250 v^2 100 = v^2 v = 10 m s ⁻¹ (01) No marks if the unit is absent 20 A i Reactants : Zn and HCl (01) Products : Zn Cl ₂ and H_2 (01) ii Zn + 2HCl → Zn Cl ₂ + H ₂ iii Single displacement reactions. iv Emission of gas bubbles/ Pieces of zinc dissolves/ Decreasing the water level in the gas jar, 01 mark per such an answer. O Colourless/ Odourless/ Esse denser than air/ Combustible gas. 01 M per answer				03
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iii a. 1500 N (02) If unit is absent 01mark b. 300 N (01) If unit is absent 10mark b. 300 N (01) If unit is absent no marks iii a. 0 N (01) Unit is not essential b. Weight = Mass x Gravitational acceleration / $W = mg$ or $600 = m \times 10 (01)$ $m = 60 \log (01)$ 2008 A i Sperms (01) Ova (01) iii In fallopian tube (Upper part) iiii Fertilization - Fusion of the nuclear materials of sperm and ova (01) Implantation − Morula disintegrates the tissue of uterine wall, sinks and deposits in the wall (01) iv. Female gamete − 23 (01) zygote 46 (01) v An idea such as number of chromosomes becomes half when forming gametes vi Oestrogen/ Progesterone/ FSH /LH B i $E_p = mgh (01)$ $= 40 \times 10 \times 2 (01)$ $= 800 \text{ J} (01) \text{ No mark if the unit is absent}$ iii $E_p = mgh (01)$ $= 40 \times 10 \times 2 (01)$ $= 800 \text{ J} (01) \text{ No marks if the unit is absent}$ iii $Maximum - B (01) \cdot Minimum - A (01)$ C i Potential energy when located on tree = Kinetic energy at the moment of touching the ground(01) $mgh = 0.250 \times 10 \times 5 = 12.5 \text{ J} (01) \text{ No marks if the unit is absent}$ iii $E_k = 1/2 mv^2 (01)$ $= 1.25 \times 1/2 \times 0.25 \times v^2$ $= 2.5 = 0.25 \times v^2$ $= 2.5 \times 0.25 \times $				03
b. 300 N (01) If unit is absent ,no marks iii a. 0 N (01) Unit is not essential b. Weight = Mass x Gravitational acceleration / $W = mg$ or 600 = m x 10 (01) m = 60 kg (01) 20 A i Sperms (01) Ova (01) iii In fallopian tube (Upper part) iii Fertilization - Fusion of the nuclear materials of sperm and ova (01) Implantation – Morula disintegrates the tissue of uterine wall, sinks and deposits in the wall (01) v An idea such as number of chromosomes becomes half when forming gametes vi Oestrogen / Progesterone / FSH /LH B i $E_p = mgh$ (01) $E_p = mgh$ (02) $E_p = mgh$ (01) $E_p = mgh$ (01) $E_p = mgh$ (01) $E_p = mgh$ (02) $E_p = mgh$ (01) $E_p = mgh$ (02) $E_p = mgh$ (02) $E_p = mgh$ (03) $E_p = mgh$ (04) $E_p = mgh$ (05) $E_p = mgh$ (06) $E_p = mgh$ (07) $E_p = mgh$ (08) $E_p = mgh$ (09) $E_p = mgh$ (01) $E_p = mgh$ (01) $E_p = mgh$ (01) $E_p = mgh$ (02) $E_p = mgh$ (02) $E_p = mgh$ (03) $E_p = mgh$ (04) $E_p = mgh$ (05) $E_p = mgh$ (05) $E_p = mgh$ (07) $E_p = mgh$ (08) $E_p = mgh$ (09) $E_p = mgh$ (01) $E_p = mgh$ (01) $E_p = mgh$ (02) $E_p = mgh$ (02) $E_p = mgh$ (03) $E_p = mgh$ (04) $E_p = mgh$ (05) $E_p = mgh$ (05) $E_p = mgh$ (07) $E_p = mgh$ (08) $E_p = mgh$ (09) $E_p = mgh$ (09) $E_p = mgh$ (01) $E_p = mgh$ (01) $E_p = mgh$ (01) $E_p = mgh$ (02) $E_p = mgh$ (02) $E_p = mgh$ (03) $E_p = mgh$ (04) $E_p = mgh$ (05) $E_p = mgh$ (07) $E_p = mgh$ (08) $E_p = mgh$ (09) $E_p = mgh$ (09) $E_p = mgh$ (09) $E_p = mgh$ (09		- ;;		
iii a. 0 N (01) Unit is not essential b. Weight = Mass x Gravitational acceleration / $W = m g$ or $600 = m x 10 (01)$ $m = 60 \log (01)$ 20 A i Sperms (01) Ova (01) 01 iii In fallopian tube (Upper part) 01 iiii Fertilization - Fusion of the nuclear materials of sperm and ova (01) Implantation − Morula disintegrates the tissue of uterine wall, sinks and deposits in the wall (01) 02 v An idea such as number of chromosomes becomes half when forming gametes 02 vi Oestrogen/ Progesterone/ FSH/LH 01 B i $E_p = mgh$ (01) 03 = 40 x 10 x 2 (01) = 800 J (01) No mark if the unit is absent 01 = 40 x 10 x 1 = 400 J (01) No marks if the unit is absent 01 iii Maximum - B (01) , Minimum - A (01) 02 C i Potential energy when located on tree = Kinetic energy at the moment of touching the ground(01) mgh = 0.250 x 10 x 5 = 12.5 J (01) No marks if the unit is absent 02 iii $E_k = l/2 mv^2 (01)$ 12.5 = 1/2 x 0.25 x v^2 25 = 0.25 v^2 100 = v^2 $v = 10 m s^{-1}$ (01) No marks if the unit is absent 02 A i Reactants : Zn and HCl (01) Products : Zn Cl ₂ and H ₂ (01) 02 iii Zn + 2HCl → Zn Cl ₂ + H ₂ 02/6 iii Single displacement reactions. 01 iv Emission of gas bubbles/ Pieces of zinc dissolves/ Decreasing the water level in the gas jar, 01 mark per such an answer. 02		11		03
b. Weight = Mass x Gravitational acceleration / $W = mg$ or $600 = m \times 10 (01)$ $m = 60 \log (01)$ 200 A i Sperms (01) Ova (01) 02 ii In fallopian tube (Upper part) 02 iii Fertilization - Fusion of the nuclear materials of sperm and ova (01) Implantation - Morula disintegrates the tissue of uterine wall, sinks and deposits in the wall (01) 02 iv. Female gamete - 23 (01) zygote 46 (01) 02 v An idea such as number of chromosomes becomes half when forming gametes 02 vi Oestrogen/ Progesterone/ FSH/LH 01 B i $E_p = mgh (01)$ 03 $= 40 \times 10 \times 2 (01)$ 03 $= 800 \text{ J} (01) \text{ No mark if the unit is absent}$ 01 $E_p = mgh (01)$ 02 The integration of the unit is absent 01 $E_p = mgh (01)$ 02 $= 40 \times 10 \times 1 = 400 \text{ J} (01) \text{ No marks if the unit is absent}$ 01 $E_p = mgh (01)$ 02 $E_p = mgh (01)$ 02 $E_p = mgh (01)$ 03 $E_p = mgh (01)$ 04 $E_p = mgh (01)$ 05 $E_p = mgh (01)$ 07 $E_p = mgh (01)$ 07 $E_p = mgh (01)$ 07 $E_p = mgh (01)$ 08 $E_p = mgh (01)$ 09 $E_p = mgh (01)$ 09 $E_p = mgh (01)$ 00 $E_p = mg$:::		
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v Colourless/ Odourless/ Less denser than air/ Combustible gas. 01 M per answer 02		1 V		02
		17		02
VI Durits with a pop sound when a frame is introduced in to a sample of gas.				
B i A – Volt meter (01)	D			UI
B i $A - \text{Volt meter } (01)$ $B - \text{Ammeter } (01)$ 02	D	1		02
		ii		02

	iii	Series connection	01
	iv $V = IR$ (01)		03
		2 = 0.2 R (01)	03
		$R = 10 \Omega$ (01) No marks if the unit is absent	
	v	Voltage is directly promotional to the current	01
	vi The brightness of the bulbs relatively decreases		01
			20
Marks for MCQ paper 2 x 40		80	
Marks for part A 15 x 4 = 60 and Part B 20 x 3 = 60		120	
Total Marks 200 / 2			100

Notice:-

- Allocate marks if the correct answers are written other than the answer given in the answer script. (When the answer is written by understanding the concept correctly)
- Don't allocate marks when the unit is not written with the final answer where it is compulsory.
- Consider this as a pre practice for G.E.E (O/L) examination when marking and discussing the answers with students after correcting the papers.