## Sources of Information

7

"Pen is mightier than sword"



## **Act Out**

Sudesh visited Venerable Sumangala at the temple.

Sudesh : Good afternoon! Venerable sir.

Ven. Sumangala : Good afternoon! what's that in your

hand?

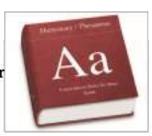
Sudesh : It's a dictionary.

Ven. Sumangala : That's good. I've been looking for

one.

Sudesh : Why, Venerable Sir?

Ven. Sumangala : I want to find the meaning of the word 'alms'.



Sudesh : You can use mine, you can find the meanings of

many English words that you will need.

Ven. Sumangala : I don't know how to use a dictionary. You can help

me, can't you?

Sudesh : Yes, I can Venerable Sir. In a dictionary, words are

arranged in the alphabetical order and it gives us information on how words should be pronounced

too.

Ven. Sumangala : I can also find information on word classes too,

can't I?

Sudesh : Yes. You can find many details related to any

English word.

Ven. Sumangala : That's great. Now, could you help me to find the

meaning of the word 'alms'?

Sudesh : Yes, certainly, Venerable Sir.

## **Activity 1 - Reading**

Answer the questions given below.

- 1. Who visited Venerable Sumangala?
- 2. What did Sudesh have in his hand?
- 3. What word did Venerable Sumangala want to find from the dictionary?
- 4. How are the words arranged in a dictionary?
- 5. List out three things that can be found in a dictionary.

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Some reading materials are given in column 'A' and what they contain are given in column 'B'. Match 'A' with 'B' and write them in your writing book.

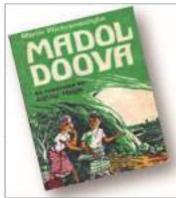
A	В	
1. Novels	A publication containing articles and stories with photographs and illustrations	
2. Comics	A printed publication daily or weekly containing news, advertisements and correspondence	
3. Newspaper	A story with the characters of heros and their adventurous experiences	
4. Magazine	A long story with many characters and incidents	
5. Adventure stories	A book that contains stories with pictures	

Name of the book	Adventures of Robin Hood
Author/Writer	Howard Pyle
Main characters	Robin Hood, Sherriff, Little John, Will Scarlett, Marian
Kind of story	Adventurous novel
Story in brief	Robin Hood and his merry companions were residing in the forest of Sherwood. Robin Hood helped people. He was loved by poor. He fought against the unjust sheriff of the village. But the king understood his genuine heart and invited Robin Hood to join him. However, he returns to the forest and continues to help people.
Favourite characters	Robin Hood and Little John
Why do you like it?	Full of adventure

Read the information given in the grid about one of Venerable Nanda's favourite books – The Adventures of Robin Hood.

## **Activity 4 - Speaking**

Now prepare a similar grid of information about the book Madol Doova and write a short description about it.



You can start the description like this....

"Moadol Doova is one of my favourite books. It was written by a very popular writer named Martin Wickramasinghe.

## **Activity 5**

Get into groups and arrange a debate on "What is more influential in developing the creativity in a child -novels or films?

Read the following extracts taken from "Junior Sunday Observer" of the 10<sup>th</sup> of December 2017.



I have a role model. It is my father. He is my best friend. His name is Prakash. He is 44 years old. He works on a ship and sails around the world. He teaches me new things and he is very kind to me. I chose my father as my role model because I know "a daughter needs a dad to be the standard against which she will judge all men". Some people don't believe in heroes.

But they have not met my dad. I want to be a good person like my father.

PlanetEarthissituatedbetweentheplanets, Mars and Mercury. The nearest star is the Sun. Planet Earth rotates and revolves around the Sun along with the other seven planets in its orbit. There is an imaginary line called the 'equator' which divides Earth into two equal halves called the Northern and Southern poles.



Human beings are the main inhabitants of planet Earth. Trees and plants provide Oxygen and food with the help of the Sun. Air and water are the most important substances on the Earth. But nowadays, human beings pollute the environment of the Earth.



Water is very important for humans, plants and animals. It is a gift from Mother Nature. We need water for bathing, drinking and washing. Some people pollute water by putting garbage into seas, rivers and streams. We must protect our water resources.

## Read the texts and fill in the grid below.

1	2	3	4
Extract number	What the text is about	Write three verbs from each text	Write three nouns from each text
		5	
for each text.	and two nouns from		
2			
3			

<sup>\*</sup> Complete Activity 1 in Unit 7 of the workbook.

## **Activity 7.1 - Listening**

Listen to the text read by the teacher and underline the correct answer.

i.	King Valagamba's father was			
	a.	Kind Dutugemunu		
	b.	King Saddhatissa		
	c.	King Vasabha		
ii.	He had	brothers.		
	a.	one		
	b.	two		
	c.	three		
iii.		was King Valagamba's wife.		
	a.	Queen Somadevi		
	b.	Queen Vihara Maha Devi		
	c.	Queen Anula		
iv.	King Va	lagamba constructed		
	a.	Ruwanweli Stupa		
	b.	Abhayagiri Stupa		
	c.	Tuparama Stupa		
v. '	The Budo	lhist religion was written down in books in		
	a.	Abhaya temple		
	b.	Mihintale temple		
	c.	Aluviharaya temple		

## **Using Dictionaries**

```
0- p.m. / pi: 'em/ abbr after 12
plumber /'plama(r)/ n [C] person
                                          o'clock noon
 whose job is to fit and repair water
                                        pneumatic 'nju: mætik odj 1 filled
                                          with air: a ~ tyre 2 worked by air
plumbing [plamin] a [0] 1 system
                                          under pressure: a ~ drill
 of water pipes, tanks, etc in a
                                         ▶ pneumatically /-kli/ odv
 building 2 work of a plumber
                                        pneumonia nju:'maonia n [u]
plume /plu:m/ n [C] 1 cloud of sth
                                          serious illness affecting the lungs
 that rises into the air 2 large feather.
                                        PO / pi: 'au abbr 1 = POST OFFICE
(POST<sup>1</sup>) 2 = POSTAL ORDER
plummet /'plamst/ v [i] fall suddenly
 and quickly from a high level: House
                                          (POSTAL) # PO box (also post
 prices have ~ed.
                                          office box) n [C] used as a kind of
plump plamp; odj having a soft,
                                          address, so that mail can be sent to a
 round body; slightly fat e plump v
                                          post office where it is kept until it is
 [1] ~ (up) make sth larger, softer and
                                          collected
 rounder: - up the pillows [PV] plump
                                        poach /postf/ v 1 [1] cook fish or an
 for sb/sth (infml) choose sb/sth
                                          egg without its shell in water that is
 ▶ plumpness n [0]
                                          boiling gently 2 [LT] illegally hunt
plunder / plando(r)/ v [t,T] steal
                                          animals, birds or fish on sb else's
 things from a place, esp during a
                                          property 3 [1] take from sb/sth
 war oplunder n [U] 1 act of
                                         dishonestly; steal sth ▶ poacher n
[C] person who illegally hunts
 plundering 2 things that have been
 stolen, esp during a war
                                          animals, birds or fish on sb else's
plunge /pland3/ v [1,1] (cause sb/sth
                                         property
 to) move suddenly forwards and/or
                                        Ow pocket /pokit/ n [C] 1 small bag
 downwards: The car ~d into the river.
                                          sewn into a piece of clothing so that
 He -d his hands into his pockets.
                                          you can carry things in it 2 small bag

 plunge n [C, usu sing] sudden

                                          or container fastened to 5th so that
 movement downwards or away
                                          you can put things in it, eg in a car
 from sth; decrease [IDM] take the
                                          door or handbag 3 [usu sing]
 plunge (infml) finally decide to do
                                          amount of money that you have to
 sth important or difficult ▶ plunger
                                          spend: He had no intention of paying
 n[C] part of a piece of equipment
                                          out of his own ~. 4 small separate
 that can be pushed down
                                          group or area [IDM] in/out of pocket
pluperfect / plu: pa:fikt/ n (gram) =
                                          (esp G8) having gained/lost money
 THE PAST PERFECT (PAST 1)
                                          as a result of sth o pocket v[1] 1 put
plural /pluoral n [usu sing] adj
                                          sth into your pocket 2 keep or take
```

## **Activity 8 - Reading**

Using the above dictionary page answer the following questions.

- 1. Write the name of an illness which can affect the lungs?
- 2. Find the noun form of the word "poach".
- 3. Write the abbreviation for the word "post office".
- 4. Underline the correct word to complete the following sentence using the words given in brackets.

The water line was repaired by the ...... (plumber/plumbing/plume)

Replace the following sentence with a single word which has similar meaning.

The hunter illegally hunts animals and birds in the forest.

- 6. What kind of information you can get about a word from a dictionary? Copy the correct sentences into your writing book.
  - a. phonetic scripts of words
  - b. the word classes
  - c. example sentences using the given word
  - d. idiomatic phrases
  - e. punctuation marks with the words
  - f. plural forms of nouns
  - g. the spelling in different dialects
  - h. meaning

## **Learning Point**

## **Phrasal Verbs**

A phrasal verb consists of a verb and a preposition / adverb or both.

We cannot usually guess the meaning of a phrasal verb by looking at its separate parts.

Phrasal verbs are also known as two – part or three - part verbs.

e.g. Look after -I look after my parents well.
e.g Give up - Prince Siddharta gave up worldly life at the age of

# pick up put down put on put on put an put an

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twenty nine.

## **Position of the Particle**

In some cases the particle is placed either after the verb or after the object.

*Note*: If the object is a pronoun, we use the particle (preposition) after the object pronoun.

e.g. I couldn't listen to the radio today. So, please turn it on.

Use the following verbs (believe, fill, get, go, look, put, switch, take, throw, turn, try) and prepositions (through, away, down, for, in, off, on, out) and form meaningful sentences.

## **Activity 9 - Vocabulary**

1.	He says he always	the truth.
2.		your shoes
	and hat.	
3.	There is no water in the tank	the
	water pump.	
4.	Quick!	_ the train. It is about to leave.
5.	The neighbours were able to _	the fire in
	Sangaraja Street.	
6.	I don't know where my knapsack is	s, I have to
	it.	
7.	this app	olication form, please.
8.	This pencil is really old, you can_	it
9.	You need some new clothes. Why d	on't you
	these shirts.	
10.	Teacher asked us to	the lesson and an-
	swer the first five questions.	

## **Activity 10 - Grammar**

## **Tag Questions Learning Point**

- Tag question is used in spoken language to ask for confirmation or agreement.
- You should make a negative tag with the positive sentence.
  e.g.It is beautiful, isn't it?



You should make a positive tag with the negative sentence. e.g <u>It is not</u> very good, <u>is it</u>?

Read the following expressions and underline the correct question tags.

- 1. They have gone on a trip to Anuradhapura, ......
  - a. do they?
  - b. did they?
  - c. haven't they?
- 2. She wouldn't keep quiet .....
  - a. isn't she?
  - b. does she?
  - c. would she?
- 3. All of them didn't complain .....
  - a. did they?
  - b. aren't they?
  - c. do they?
- 4. She didn't say anything .....
  - a. was she?
  - b. did she?
  - c. has she?

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- 5. You have had your dinner, .....
  - a. don't they?
  - b. haven't you?
  - c. could you?
- 6. It is so beautiful, .....
  - a. isn't it?
  - b. does it?
  - c. has it?

## Activity 11 - Dice Game

## **Pairwork**



Let's play a game of snakes and ladders. One of you roll the dice. Read the number on the dice. Pronounce the first word given in the row. If you pronounce the word correctly you can roll the dice again. If not, you have to give the turn to another player. Like this, move up in the game board according to the value you get. One word can only be pronounced once. The player, who climbs first up to number

hundred, will win the game.



prank	treacle	brother	crayon
prawn	trophy	bread	crack
pride	track	brief	creep
	prawn	prawn trophy	prawn trophy bread

prescribe	trap	breeze	cradle
prompt	tree	bride	crane
print	tray	branch	crescent
	prompt	prompt tree	prompt tree bride

## **Learning Point**

## > Transitive Verbs

Verbs that comes before an object in a sentence, are called transitive verbs.

e.g.: Saman cleans the garden.

## > Intransitive Verbs

Verbs that do not need an object to make a meaningful sentence, are called intransitive verbs.

e.g.: Babies are crying.



## Ditransitive Verbs

Verbs that come before two objects (direct and indirect) in a sentence are called ditransitive verbs.

e.g.: A devotee offered a monk some alms.

Write the given sentences in correct column given in the table.

- 1. The teacher explained the lesson clearly.
- 2. My father brought me a shirt.
- 3. The student dreams about his future.
- 4. The moon shines.
- 5. Baker baked a cake.
- 6. Uncle bought us some home-made sandwiches.
- 7. The earth revolves around the Sun.
- 8. I posted the letter.
- 9. He wrote an article to me.
- 10. The priest looked at the ground.

Transitive	Intransitive	Ditransitive

<sup>\*</sup> Now complete Activity 5 in Unit 7 of the workbook.